QUICK TIPS FROM CLASS REV. (2018)

RECEIVE:

Use of Thermometers Bi metallic

Range of (0 F - 220 F)Accuracy of $\pm - 2 F$

CALIBRATE TO:

Ice point: 32 F

Boiling Point: 212 F

RECEIVING TEMPERATURES:

Cooler: 41 F or less

Live Shellfish & Liquid milk Eggs 45 F or less

Freezer: Frozen

STORING TEMPERATURES:

Dry Storage: 50 - 70 F with a 50-60 % humidity

FIFO: First in first out (stock rotation)

Shelving: 6 inches off floor/ & away from wall

All foods must be dated when received

THAWING:

Refrigerator

Under running water at 70 F or less

Microwave. Cooking must immediately follow this.

Cook it frozen

COOKING TEMPERATURES: (15 secs.)

Poultry, Stuffing, casseroles: 165 F
Ground Meat 155 F
Sausage/Injected tenderized 155 F
Fish, steaks, pork 145 F
Eggs 145/155 F
Microwave* 165 F

Stir foods & let stand for 2 minutes for microwave

Vegetables, Rice 135 F

Illinois Notes:

COOLING FOODS:

135* F - 70 F within 2 hours, then 70 to 41 F in 4 hours= 6 Hours

Methods of Cooling:

Reduce size of food

Ice water bath

Shallow pans Blast chiller Ice wands or Add Ice to food

REHEATING FOODS: 165 F for 15

seconds within 2 hours.

HOLDING:

Hot Foods 135 F or higher Cold Foods: 41 F or lower

Check Temperatures every 4 hours*

HACCP:

- 1. Hazard Analysis
- 2. Critical Control Pts.
- 3. Set Critical Limits
- 4. Supervise CCPs
- 5. Take Corrective Actions
- 6. Verification
- 7. Set up Record Keeping System

CLEAN & SANITIZING DISHES

Clean: Remove visible soil 110F Sanitize: Reduce micro-organisms to safe level.

METHODS:

Heat: 171 F

Chemical: Chlorine, Iodine or Quats

Temps: $55 F - 110 F^*$

Concentration: Chlorine 50-120 ppm

Iodine: 12.5- 25ppm Quats: 200- 220 ppm

Contact Time: 7 - 30 seconds

Use test strips to test concentration

^{*} Some rules in Illinois differ. Check with instructor for information on these rules.